

Exponents In Algebra

1 Solve.

$$8^0 = \underline{1}$$

$$b^0 = \underline{1}$$

2 Solve.

$$8^1 = \underline{8}$$

$$b^1 = \underline{b}$$

3 Solve.

$$(\sqrt{10})^2 = \underline{10}$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{15})^3 = \underline{15}$$

4 Solve. (assume $x \geq 0$)

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \underline{x}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x^3} = \underline{x}$$

5 Solve for x.

$$\sqrt{x} = 5$$

$$\sqrt{x}^2 = 5^2$$

$$\underline{x = 25}$$

6 Solve for x.

$$x^2 = 49$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{49}$$

$$\underline{x = \pm 7}$$

7 Solve for x.

$$\sqrt{x} = 10$$

$$\sqrt{x}^2 = 10^2$$

$$\underline{x = 100}$$

8 Solve for x.

$$x^2 = 81$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{81}$$

$$\underline{x = \pm 9}$$

9 Solve for x.

$$\sqrt[3]{x} = 4$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x}^3 = 4^3$$

$$\underline{x = 64}$$

10 Solve for x.

$$x^4 = 16$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x^4} = \pm\sqrt[4]{16}$$

$$\underline{x = \pm 2}$$